UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 8, 2024

DAY ONE BIOPHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-40431 (Commission File Number)

83-2415215 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

2000 Sierra Point Parkway, Suite 501 Brisbane, California

94005

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (650) 484-0899

		IVA			
	(Former nam	ne or former address, if changed since last rep	port)		
	eck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intowing provisions:	tended to simultaneously satisfy the fil	ing obligation of the registrant under any of the		
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under th	e Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)			
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))				
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))				
Sec	urities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:				
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered		
	Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	DAWN	Nasdaq Global Select Market		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company $\ \square$

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. $\ \Box$

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

As previously announced, on January 8, 2024, Day One Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. (the "Company") will participate in the 42nd Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference (the "JPM Conference"). A copy of the Company's presentation materials for the JPM Conference is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

Also on January 8, 2024, the Company updated its corporate presentation in connection with its participation in the JPM Conference. A copy of the updated corporate presentation materials is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in this Item 7.01, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 to this report, shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section or Sections 11 and 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The information contained in this Item 7.01 and in the accompanying Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 shall not be incorporated by reference into any other filing under the Exchange Act or under the Securities Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

 Exhibit Number
 Description

 99.1
 J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference Presentation

 99.2
 Corporate Presentation

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DAY ONE BIOPHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Date: January 8, 2024

By: /s/ Charles N. York II, M.B.A.
Charles N. York II, M.B.A.
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer



Day One Biopharmaceuticals

Targeted Therapies for People of All Ages

42nd Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference
January 2024

Disclaimer

This presentation and the accompanying oral commentary contain forward-looking statements that are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "plan," anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "intend," "potential," "would," "continue," "ongoing" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements include all statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including information concerning our future financial performance, including the sufficiency of our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments to fund our operations, business plans and objectives, timing and success of our planned nonclinical and clinical development activities, the results of any of our strategic collaborations, including the potential achievement of milestones and provision of royalty payments thereunder, timing and results of nonclinical studies and clinical trials, efficacy and safety profiles of our product candidates, execution of the Phase 2 and Phase 3 clinical trials for tovorafenib and the Phase 1b/2 clinical trial for tovorafenib and pimasertib as designed, any expectations about safety, efficacy, timing and ability to complete clinical trials and to obtain regulatory approvals for tovorafenib and other candidates in development, the ability of tovorafenib to treat pediatric low-grade glioma (pLGG) or related indications, the potential americal potential and economic value of our product candidates, potential growth opportunities, competitive position, including as a result of inflation, rising interest rates, cybersecurity incidents, instability in the global banking system, government shutdowns, uncertainty with respect to the feder

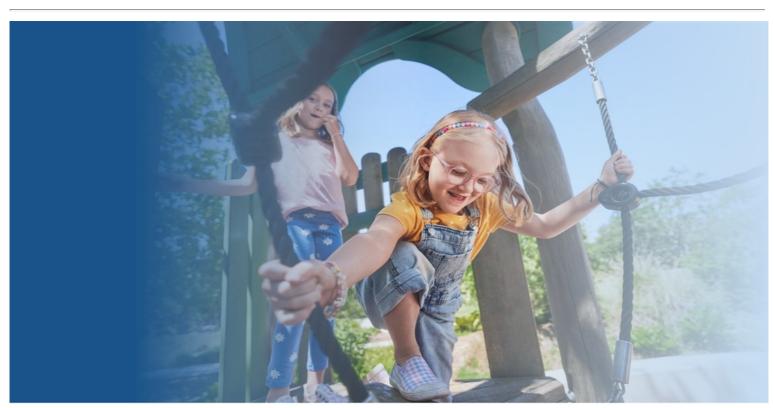
Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. These factors, together with those that are described under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and other documents we file from time to time with the SEC, may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied by our forward-looking statements.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this presentation, and although we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted a thorough inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame, or at all. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.











Cancer Therapies for People of All Ages



Our Approach

- Develop medicines for genomically-defined cancers
- Establish first-in-class position through rapid registration pathways
- Expand to adolescent and adult populations in parallel and pursue those opportunities with the same commitment we do for children





Nasdaq: DAWN IPO: 2021 Founded: 2018 Financial Position: Runway into 2026



2023 Key Accomplishments



FIREFLY-1: Relapsed or Progressive pLGG

- NDA initiated in May 2023
- Clinical data presented in oral presentation at ASCO in June 2023
- FDA acceptance of NDA and priority review granted in October 2023
- Data published in Nature Medicine and oral presentation at SNO in November 2023
- PDUFA target action date of April 30, 2024

FIREFLY-2: Frontline pLGG

Dosed the first patient in March 2023

Business Development

 Research collaboration and license agreement for preclinical program targeting VRK1 in August 2023

Financials

- \$405.5 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments as of September 30, 2023
- Cash runway into 2026



Priorities as we Expand into a Commercial-Stage Company

Launch Tovorafenib

- Secure the first FDA-approved targeted therapy for pLGG with BRAF fusions and point mutations that have relapsed or progressed
- Expand awareness amongst physicians and establish broad coverage to enable patient access
- Following approval, establish tovorafenib as the standard of care for relapsed or progressive pLGG

Advance Portfolio

- FIREFLY-2: Study tovorafenib as a frontline therapy for treatmentnaive patients with pLGG
- FIRELIGHT-1: Evaluate tovorafenib in combination with pimasertib in adolescent and adult populations
- Advance early stage VRK1 program to clinical development

Expand Pipeline

- Grow Day One into a leading, biopharmaceutical company that is the partner of choice for oncology drug development
- Explore selective partnerships as a source of capital and risk sharing
- Further invest in business development activities to expand our multiple asset portfolio for both children and adults











Sawyer, lives with pLGG. 1 Figures come from FIREFLY-1 baseline patient characteristics with a June 5, 2023 data cutoff. Total patients enrolled in arm 1 of the FIREFLY-1 trial was 77.



Pediatric Low-Grade Glioma (pLGG): The Most Common Type Of Brain Tumor In Children

pLGGs are chronic and relentless, with patients suffering profound tumor and treatment-associated morbidity that can impact their life trajectory over the long term⁶

A Serious and Life-Threatening Disease

- An estimated 26,000 children/young adults are living with BRAF-altered pLGGs in the U.S. today ^{1,2}
- For the majority of patients in the relapsed setting, there is no standard of care and no approved therapies
- Surgery plays a significant role in treatment, but vast majority of patients require systemic therapy ^{3,4}
- ~70% of pLGGs have BRAF alterations, which means ~60% of pLGGs are BRAF fusions and ~10% are BRAF V600E mutations⁵

Disease Symptoms⁷

Cerebral gliomas:

Seizures, muscle weakness, behavioral changes

Hypothalamic gliomas:

Endocrine dysfunction and visual deficits

Optic pathway gliomas:

Decreased vision (acuity and/or fields), bulging or misalignment of eyes

Cerebellar gliomas:

gliomas:

Impaired balance, coordination or depth perception

Brain stem gliomas:

Difficulty swallowing or with speech, abnormal breathing



*CBTRUS, Qaddoumi et al 2009, Schreck et al 2019, ClearView Analysis; *SEER US complete prevalence counts of patients aged under 25 with Brain and Other Nervous Systems tumors as of January 1, 2017. Estimated prevalence are Day One calculations based on publicly available data. *Ostrum QT et al., Neuro Oncol. 2015; 16(Suppl. 10):xi.-x36; *De Blank P. et al., Curr Opin Pediatr. 2019 Feb; 31(1):21-27. *Jones DTW et al., Cancer Res. 2008; 68:8673-77. *Traunwieser et al., Neuro Gondo, 1dv. 2020; 2:x40a3694. *Siever AJ, Fisher MJ, Pediatric low-rade gliomas. J. Child Neurol. 2009; 24(11):1397-1408. doi:10.1177/0883073809942005.



Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) in FIREFLY-1 is Well Aligned with pLGG Treatment Goals



Overall Response Rate

Clinically meaningful responses observed across all three assessment criteria, 67% ORR by RANO-HGG, 53% ORR by RANO-LGG.

Clinical Benefit Rate

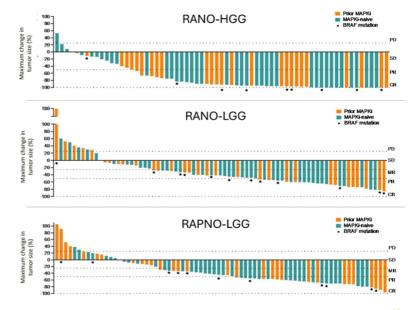
Responses seen in a heavily-pretreated population, 93% CBR by RANO-HGG, 83% ORR by RANO-LGG, 82% ORR by RAPNO-LGG.

Duration of Treatment

Median duration of tovorafenib treatment of 15.8 months as of June 5, 2023, with 66% of patients remaining on treatment.

Safety

Safety and tolerability profile indicating monotherapy tovorafenib to be generally well-tolerated





lune 5, 2023 data cutoff. CBR, clinical benefit rate; CR, complete response; DOR, duration of response; HGG, high-grade glioma; LGG, low-grade glioma; MR, minor response; ORR, overall response rate; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; RANO, Response Assessment in Pediatric Neuro-Oncology; SD, stable disease; ORR and CBR for RAPNO-LGG a







Selt F, van Tilburg CM, Bison B, et al. Response to trametinib treatment in progressive pediatric low-grade glioma patients. J Neurooncol. 2020;149(3):499-510. doi:10.1007/s11060-020-03640-3. ² Ryall S, Tabori U, Hawkins C. Pediatric low add glioma in the era of noticcular diagnostics. Acta Neuropathol Commun. 2020;8(1):30. doi:10.1186/s4078-020-09002-z. ³ SEER US complete prevalence counts of patients aged under 25 with Brain and Other Neurous Systems tumors of January 1, 2017. ² CBTRUS, Qaddoumi et al. 2009, Schreck et al. 2019, Clear/lew Analysis. ² US Census. Estimated and incidence, estimated prevalence, and estimated recurrent/progressive total addressable patient population re Day One calculations based on publicly available data. ³ Source: Internal market research conducted by EpidStrategies, A Division of ToxStrategies, Inc. on behalf of Day One, * The estimated addressable pool of recurrent or more research on progressive and for research on progressive and for research on progressive and for research on progressive and the survival current more more plants its based on progressive forms and progressive patients. ³



Preparing for a Successful Launch*

Key Factors

- Communicate strong clinical profile for tovorafenib without significant disruption to childhood
- Enable patient access through establishing broad coverage and patient support programs
- Experienced, fully dedicated field sales force (18 U.S. Account Managers)
- Positive patient experience, drug profile consisting of once-weekly dosing (oral tablet or liquid formulation)

Priorities

Drive FIREFLY-1 Trial and Physician
Awareness

Build momentum with pediatric encologists at the ~200 U.S. Centers of Excellence

Enable unrestricted patient access







Expansion into Frontline Treatment Represents a Meaningful Expansion Opportunity for Tovorafenib in pLGG



Disease Overview

- pLGG is the most common brain tumor diagnosed in children
- pLGG can be diagnosed at any age in pediatric patients from infancy to young adults
- Estimated U.S. treatment eligible incidence of ~1,100 annually
- Conventional treatment options are surgery, chemotherapy, radiation or targeted therapy
- High unmet need for an effective therapy for the majority of pLGG patients that is minimally disruptive to their lives

Phase 3 Trial Summary

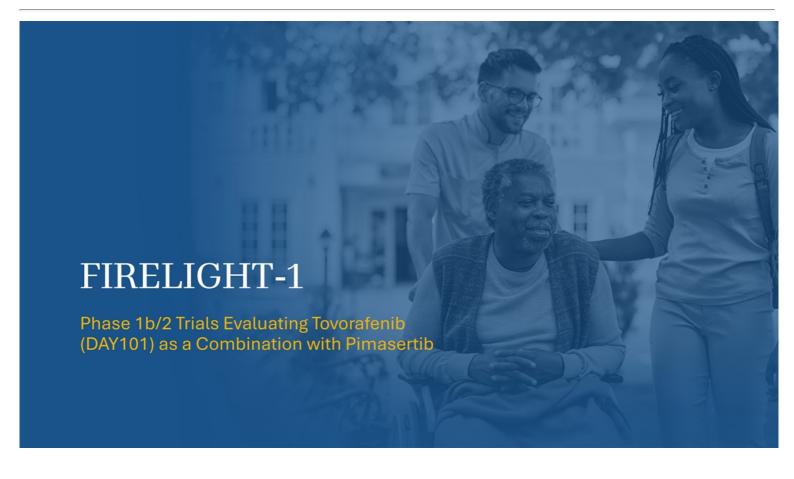
- Randomized, global, registrational Phase 3 trial of monotherapy tovorafenib (DAY101) vs SoC chemotherapy
- Eligibility: Patients aged 6 months to <25 years with LGG harboring a RAF alteration and requiring first-line systemic therapy
- Primary endpoint: ORR based on RANO-LGG criteria, assessed by blinded independent central review
- Key secondary endpoints: PFS and DoR by RANO criteria, ORR by RAPNO criteria

~80 sites activated globally



* COG or SIOPe-LGG regimen. Abbreviations: CHG, chiasmatic, hypothelamic glioms; DoR, duration of response; LGG, low-grade glioms; ORR, objective response rate; QoL, quality of life; QW, once weekly; Sol standard of care. 1 Primary endpoint of FIREFLY-2 will be ORR by RANO-LGG (2017) following full approval by FDA on March 16, 2023 of dabrafenib with trametinib in pediatric patients with low-grade glioma with BRAF V600E mutation who require systemic therapy based on a study with the same primary endpoint.





Tovorafenib (DAY101) / Pimasertib Combination In Solid Tumors (FIRELIGHT-1)



Combination with tovorafenib (DAY101) and other targeted therapies may unlock the full value of pimasertib in advanced solid tumors

Pimasertib Overview

- Pimasertib is an investigational orally-bioavailable, selective, non-competitive MEK1/2 inhibitor in-licensed from Merck KGaA in February 2021
- Nearly three-fold higher CNS penetration than other MEKi inhibitors (trametinib or selumetinib)
- Pimasertib showed monotherapy clinical activity, including an improvement in median PFS versus dacarbazine in NRAS mutant melanoma
- Patient populations targeted in expansion phase will include NRAS mutant melanoma including BRAF-altered tumors of class 1 non-EK, class 2 BRAF alternations and fusion patients

Phase 1b/2 Trial Summary

- Combination dose escalation, global phase 1b/2 trial, Phase 1b, BOIN (adaptive), n = ~10/cohort, Phase 2, Simon 2-stage, n = ~25/cohort
- Eligibility: Patients aged 12 years and older, dose escalation will be performed in advanced solid tumor patients with any MAPK alteration. Expansion cohorts will focus on indications with a potential path to accelerated approval
- Endpoints: Phase 1b: PK, PD and Safety, MTD/RP2D, Phase 2: Efficacy (ORR, DOR)

Anticipate recommended Phase 2 dose and schedule in 2H 2024



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Pillars for Sustainable Growth to Drive Long-Term Success

Tovorafenib Launch

- Secure FDA approval;
 PDUFA target action date of April 30, 2024
- Institute broad coverage to drive patient access
- Following approval, establish tovorafenib as the standard of care in relapsed or progressive pLGG

Pipeline

- Continue enrollment into frontline pLGG trial (FIREFLY-2) driving meaningful expansion and growth opportunity
- Initiate combination cohorts with pimasertib in adolescent and adult populations
- Advance early stage VRK1 program to clinical development

Capital

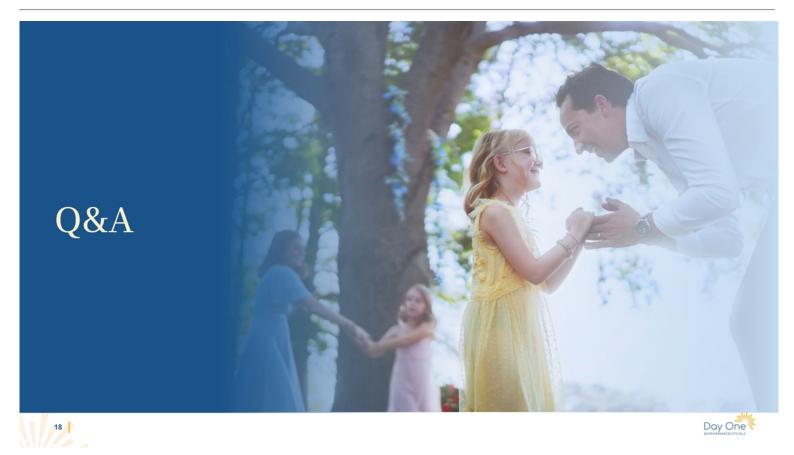
- Thoughtful, data-driven approach to capital allocation driving disciplined investment in clinical development and pipeline expansion
- PRV eligible with approval of tovorafenib in relapsed or progressive pLGG
- Cash runway into 2026

People

 Deeply experienced in oncology, pediatric, and rare disease development, registration and commercialization









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- Develop medicines for genomically-defined cancers
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Our Pipeline

Product Candidate	Indication	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Recent & Anticipated Milestones
Tovorafenib (DAY101) Type II RAF Inhibitor	Relapsed pLGG	FIREFLY-1¹ (pivotal)				FDA acceptance of NDA: October 2023 PDUFA target action date:
 FDA Breakthrough Therapy Designation for relapsed pLGG 		Title: El-1 (pive	Staty			April 30, 2024 Data published in Nature Medicine: November 2023
 FDA Rare Pediatric Disease Designation (PRV Eligible) for pLGG 						
 FDA Orphan Drug Designation for malignant glioma EC Orphan Designation for glioma 	Frontline pLGG	FIREFLY-2 (pivotal)				First patient dosed: March 2023
Pimasertib MEK 1/2 Inhibitor	MAPK-altered solid tumors ² (Combo w/ tovorafenib)	FIREFLIGHT-1*				Recommended Phase 2 dose & schedule expected: 2H 2024
<mark>VRK1 Program³</mark> VRK1 Inhibitor	Pediatric and adult cancers					In-licensed: August 2023



*Includes patients ≥12 years of age. ¹ FIREFLY-1 Arm 1 expected to support registration. ² Pimasertib Phase 1 dose escalation and expansion trial previously completed. ³ Research collaboration and license agreement with Sprint Bioscience for exclusive worldwide rights to a research-stage program targeting VRK1. pLGG, pediatric low-grade glioma. Tovorafenib and Pimasertib are investigational products. Safety and efficacy have not been established by any health authority.









Sawyer, lives with pLGG. 1 Figures come from FIREFLY-1 baseline patient characteristics with a June 5, 2023 data cutoff. Total patients enrolled in arm 1 of the FIREFLY-1 trial was 77.



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- For the majority of patients in the relapsed setting, there is no standard of care and no approved therapies
- Surgery plays a significant role in treatment, but vast majority of patients require systemic therapy ^{3,4}
- ~70% of pLGGs have BRAF alterations, which means ~60% of pLGGs are BRAF fusions and ~10% are BRAF V600E mutations⁵

Disease Symptoms⁷

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Seizures, muscle weakness, behavioral changes

Hypothalamic gliomas:

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Conventional Treatments Can Be Disruptive To Childhood and Can Have Significant Long-Term Consequences

Surgery

- Significant recovery times
- Risks of complications
- Resection may be limited by location of tumor
- Potential for functional deficits based on location of tumor and extent of resection

Chemotherapy

- Requirement for indwelling catheter and weekly infusions
- Risk of neutropenia, hypersensitivity reactions, nausea and vomiting and peripheral neuropathy

Radiation

- Risk of secondary malignancy
- Risk of malignant transformation
- Risk of vascular proliferation and stroke
- Neurocognitive impact, depending on location of tumor and radiation field

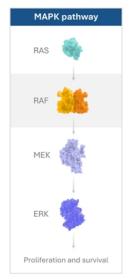
Clear need for an effective therapy for the majority of pLGG relapsed or progressive patients that is minimally disruptive to their lives.

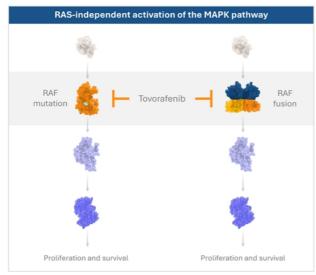


Fourter 1. Heitzer AH, Raghtubar K, Ris MD, et al. Neuropsychological functioning following surgery for podiatric low-grade gillomars, a prospective longitudinal study. J Neurousup Pediatr. 2019;1-9. doi:10.3717/2019.9.PCD819397. 2 Bryant R. Hanaging side effects of childhood acaneer restament. J Pediatr Nour. 2009;10. pdf. 1916;191-1916.0 doi:10.1939/cnnocris/1917/1926/0. doi:10.1939/cnnocris/1917/1926/0. doi:10.1939/cnnocris/1917/1926/0. doi:10.1939/cnnocris/1917/1926/0. doi:10.1939/cnnocris/1917/1926/0. doi:10.1939/cnnocris/1919/cnnocris/1



Tovorafenib (DAY101) Inhibits Both BRAF Fusions And BRAF V600 Mutations





Tovorafenib (DAY101) is an investigational, oral, selective, CNS-penetrant, type II RAF inhibitor that was designed to inhibit both monomeric and dimeric RAF kinase

- Activity in tumors driven by both RAF fusions and BRAF V600E mutations
- Tablet and pediatric-friendly liquid suspension
- Once weekly dosing

Currently approved type I BRAF inhibitors are indicated for use in patients with tumors bearing BRAF V600E mutations

 Type I BRAF inhibitors cause paradoxical MAPK activation in the setting of wild-type RAF, increasing the risk of tumor growth in BRAF fusion-driven



Source: 1. Sun Y et al., Neuro Oncol. 2017; 19: 774–85; 2. Sievart AJ et al., PNAS. 2013; 110:5957-62; 3. Karajannis MA et al., Neuro Oncol 2014;16(10):1408-16.



Pivotal Phase 2 Trial Of Monotherapy Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Relapsed Or Progressive pLGG (FIREFLY-1) – Fully Enrolled & Data Accepted by FDA

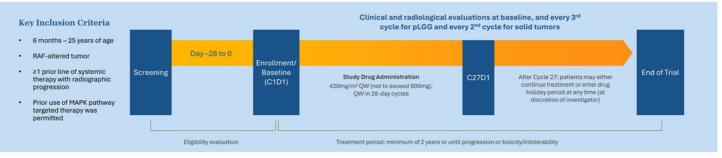


Trial Design

- Three arm, open-label, global registrational phase 2 trial
 - Pivotal Arm 1 (recurrent/progressive pLGG, n=77): harboring a KIAA1549-BRAF fusion or BRAF V600E mutation
 - Arm 2 (expanded access recurrent/progressive LGG, n=60): harboring an activating RAF alteration
 - Arm 3 (extracranial solid tumors): harboring an activating RAF fusion

Endpoints (Pivotal Arm 1)

- Primary endpoint: ORR based on RANO-HGG¹, assessed by blinded independent central review
- Secondary endpoints: ORR by RAPNO-LGG² assessed by blinded independent central review; PFS, DoR; TTR, CBR; safety
- Exploratory analyses: ORR and CBR by RANO-LGG³ assessed by blinded independent central review





June 5, 2023 data cutoff. 'Wen PY, et al. / Clin Oncol. 2019;28(11):1963-1972. * Fangusaro J, et al. Lancet Oncol. 2020;21(6):x305-316. * van den Bent MJ, et al. Lancet Oncol. 2011;12(6):583-593. Abbreviations: CBR, clinical benefit rate; IRC, independent review committee; C, cycle; D, day;1000, low-grade glioma; ORR, objective response rate; PFS, progression-free survival; DoR, duration of response; QW, once weekly; TTR, time to response; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; RAPNO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Onc

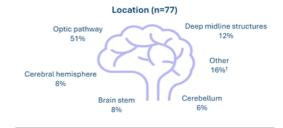


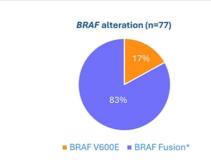


FIREFLY-1 Baseline Patient Characteristics



Characteristic	Arm 1 (n=77)
Median age, years (range)	8 (2-21)
Sex, n (%) Male Female	40 (52) 37 (48)
Race, n (%) White Asian Black Multiple Other Not specified	41 (53) 5 (6) 2 (3) 3 (4) 6 (8) 20 (26)
Number of lines of prior systemic therapy Median (range) 1, n (%) 2, n (%) ≥3, n (%)	3 (1-9) 17 (22) 21 (27) 39 (51)
Prior MAPK pathway targeted therapy, n (%) Prior MEK inhibitor Prior BRAF inhibitor Prior BRAF and MEK inhibitors [‡] Any MAPK inhibitor	43 (56) 8* (10) 5 (7) 46 (60)





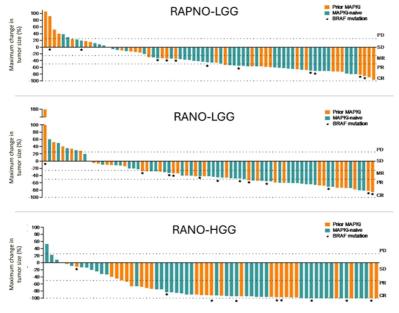


June 5, 2023 data cutoff. "Includes 6 patients with BRAF duplication and 2 with BRAF rearrangement per fluorescence in situ hybridization or in situ hybridization. "Includes tumors that were extending into multiple regions of the brain, leptomeningeal disease, and/or spinal disease. The 5 patients that had previously received both a MEK inhibitor and also a BRAF inhibitor are recorded in both the "Prior MEK inhibitor" and "Prior BRAF inhibitor" groups. MAPK, mitogen-activated protein kinase.



Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) Using RAPNO-LGG, RANO-LGG and RANO-HGG





Response (IRC)	RAPNO-LGG n=76	RANO-LGG N=76	RANO-HGG N=69
ORR,* n (%)	39 (51)	40 (53)	46 (67)
95% CI	40-63	41-64	54-78
CBR,* n (%)			
SD of any length of time	62 (82)	63 (83)	64 (93)
SD≥12 months	43 (57)	46 (61)	54 (78)
BOR,* n (%)			
CR	0	0	12 (17)
PR	28 (37)	20 (26)	34 (49)
MR	11 (14)	20 (26)	n/a
SD	23 (30)	23 (30)	18 (26)
SD <12 months	19 (25)	17 (22)	10 (14)
SD ≥12 months	4 (5)	6 (8)	8 (12)
PD	13 (17)	11 (14)	4 (6)
NE	1 (1)	2 (3)	1 (1)
Median DOR, months	13.8	14.4	16.6
95% CI	11.3-NR	11.0-NR	11.6-NR
Median TTR, months	5.3	5.5	3.0
Range	1.6-11.2	1.6-11.3	2.6-16.6

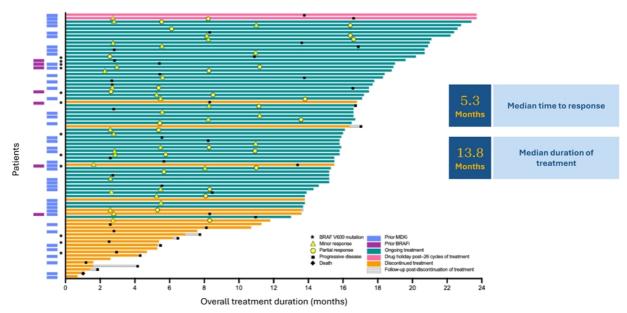


une 5, 2023 data cutoff. BOR, best overall response; CBR, clinical benefit rate; Cl. confidence interval; CR, complete response; DOR, duration of response; HGG, high-grade glioma; IRC, independent radiology volume. IGC, low-grade glioma; MR, minor response; na, not reached; ORR, overall response rate; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; RANO, Responsessement in Pediatric Neuro-Oncology; SD, stable disease; TR, time to response. * ORR, CBR and BOR for RAPNO_LGG and RANO_LGG included MRs.



Duration Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Therapy For All Patients With RAPNO-LGG Evaluable Lesions



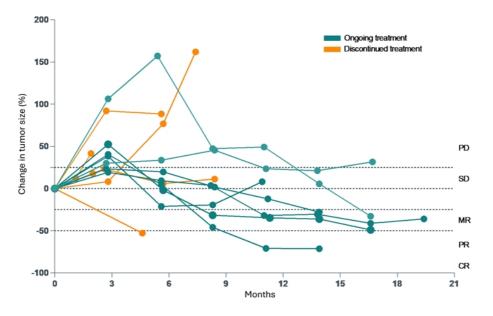






Tumor Kinetics In Patients With Best Response Of Progressive Disease According To RAPNO-LGG





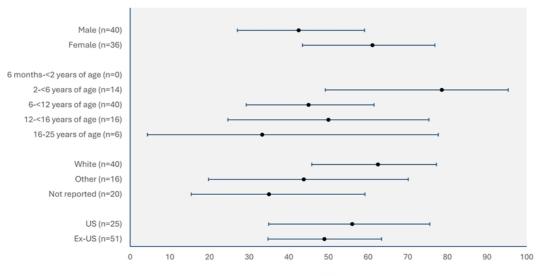
The majority of patients who had radiographic progression by RAPNO-LGG at their initial disease assessment had subsequent prolonged reductions in the size of their tumor with continued treatment.





Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) According To RAPNO-LGG In Subgroups Defined By Baseline Characteristics





Analysis of response data across various subgroups shows no significant differences in response rate by RAPNO-LGG.

Overall response rate, % (95% confidence interval)



June 5, 2023 data cutoff. Other races included Asian (n=5), Black (n=2), Multiple (n=3), and Other (n=6). There were no Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander or American Indian or Alaska Native. No race information was missing. Ex, External to; US, United States.



Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) Across Three Assessment Criteria Were Consistent Across BRAF Fusion And Mutation Patients, and Patients With Prior MAPK Treatment



	RAPNO-LGG ²		RANO-LGG ^{3,4}		RANO-HGG ¹	
Response (IRC)	n		n		n	
ORR,* n (%)	76	39 (51)	76	40 (53)	69	46 (67)
BRAF fusion	64	33 (52)	64	33 (52)	59	41 (69)
BRAF mutation	12	6 (50)	12	7 (58)	10	5 (50)
Prior MAPKi	45	22 (49)	45	23 (51)	41	29 (71)
MAPKi-naive	31	17 (55)	31	17 (55)	28	17 (61)
CBR,* n (%) (SD of any length of time)	76	62 (82)	76	63 (83)	69	64 (93)
BRAF fusion	64	53 (83)	64	53 (83)	59	55 (93)
BRAF mutation	12	9 (75)	12	10 (83)	10	9 (90)
Prior MAPKi	45	38 (84)	45	38 (84)	41	37 (90)
MAPKi-naive	31	24 (77)	31	25 (81)	28	27 (96)
CBR,* n (%) (SD ≥12 months)	76	43 (57)	76	46 (61)	69	54 (78)
BRAF fusion	64	37 (58)	64	39 (61)	59	49 (83)
BRAF mutation	12	6 (50)	12	7 (58)	10	5 (50)
Prior MAPKi	45	25 (56)	45	26 (58)	41	33 (80)
MAPKi-naive	31	18 (58)	31	20 (65)	28	21 (75)
Median DOR, months (95% CI)**	39	13.8 (11.3-NR)	40	14.4 (11.0-NR)	46	16.6 (11.6-NR)
BRAF fusion	33	13.8 (11.3-NR)	33	16.3 (11.0-NR)	41	16.8 (11.6-NR)
BRAF mutation	6	NR (8.4-NR)	7	12.0 (8.4-NR)	5	15.1 (8.3-NR)
Prior MAPKi	22	13.8 (11.3-NR)	23	12.0 (8.5-NR)	29	15.1 (9.0-16.8)
MAPKi-naive	17	NR (8.4-NR)	17	16.3 (8.4-NR)	17	NR (11.6-NR)





Tovorafenib (DAY101) Safety Data (n=137)



	TE/	\Es	TRAEs	
Preferred Term, n (%)	Any Grade	Grade ≥3	Any Grade	Grade ≥3
Any AE	137 (100)	86 (63)	134 (98)	58 (42)
Hair color changes	104 (76)	0	104 (76)	0
Anemia	81 (59)	15 (11)	67 (49)	14 (10)
Elevated CPK	80 (58)	16 (12)	77 (56)	16 (12)
Fatigue	76 (55)	6 (4)	60 (44)	6 (4)
Vomiting	68 (50)	6 (4)	28 (20)	3 (2)
Hypophosphatemia	64 (47)	0	48 (35)	0
Headache	61 (45)	2 (1)	29 (21)	0
Maculo-papular rash	60 (44)	11 (8)	56 (41)	11 (8)
Pyrexia	53 (39)	5 (4)	17 (12)	1 (1)
Dry skin	49 (36)	0	45 (33)	0
Elevated LDH	48 (35)	0	42 (31)	0
Increased AST	47 (34)	4 (3)	41 (30)	4 (3)
Constipation	45 (33)	0	31 (23)	0
Nausea	45 (33)	0	25 (18)	0
Upper RTI	43 (31)	2 (1)	2 (1)	0
Dermatitis acneiform	42 (31)	1 (1)	41 (30)	1 (1)
Epistaxis	42 (31)	1 (1)	27 (20)	0
Decreased appetite	39 (28)	5 (4)	28 (20)	4 (3)
Paronychia	36 (26)	2 (1)	32 (23)	2 (1)
Pruritus	35 (26)	1 (1)	32 (23)	1 (1)
COVID-19	34 (25)	0	0	0

- The most common reasons for discontinuation were tumor hemorrhage (3 patients) and decrease in growth velocity (2 patients)
- 33 patients (24%) had TRAEs leading to dose reduction; 50 patients (37%) had TRAEs leading to dose interruption
- Median duration of dose interruption was 2 weeks
- 9 patients (7%) had TRAEs leading to discontinuation



June 5, 2023 data cutoff. Treatment-emergent AEs ≥25% any grade in arms 1 & 2. AE, adverse event; ALT, Alanine transaminase; AST, aspartate aminotransferase; COVID-19, Coronavirus disease 2019; CPK, creatine phosphokinase; LDH, lactate dehydrogenase; RTI, respiratory tract infection; TEAEs, treatment-emergent adverse events; TRAEs, treatment-related adverse events







Selt F, van Tilburg CM, Bison B, et al. Response to trametinib treatment in progressive pediatric low-grade glioma patients. J Neurooncol. 2020;149(3):499-510. doi:10.1007/s11060-020-03640-3. ² Ryall S, Tabori U, Hawkins C. Pediatric low add glioma in the era of noticcular diagnostics. Acta Neuropathol Commun. 2020;8(1):30. doi:10.1186/s4078-020-09002-z. ³ SEER US complete prevalence counts of patients aged under 25 with Brain and Other Neurous Systems tumors of January 1, 2017. ² CBTRUS, Qaddoumi et al. 2009, Schreck et al. 2019, Clear/lew Analysis. ² US Census. Estimated and incidence, estimated prevalence, and estimated recurrent/progressive total addressable patient population re Day One calculations based on publicly available data. ³ Source: Internal market research conducted by EpidStrategies, A Division of ToxStrategies, Inc. on behalf of Day One, * The estimated addressable pool of recurrent or rootens on progressive and progressive progressive to the addressable pool of recurrent or rootens. The progressive progres



Preparing for a Successful Launch*

Key Factors

- Communicate strong clinical profile for tovorafenib without significant disruption to childhood
- Enable patient access through establishing broad coverage and patient support programs
- Experienced, fully dedicated field sales force (18 U.S. Account Managers)
- Positive patient experience, drug profile consisting of once-weekly dosing (oral tablet or liquid formulation)

Priorities

Drive FIREFLY-1 Trial and Physician
Awareness

Build momentum with pediatric encologists at the ~200 U.S. Centers of Excellence

Enable unrestricted patient access





Key Takeaways From FIREFLY-1 Data And Next Steps

- Response rate is clinically meaningful from FIREFLY-1 for pediatric patients with recurrent or progressive LGG harboring *BRAF* fusions or *BRAF* V600E mutations ("*BRAF*-altered")
 - 67% ORR by RANO-HGG
 - 51% ORR by RAPNO-LGG
 - 53% ORR by RANO-LGG
- · Deepening of responses observed in patients from December 2022 to June 2023 data cutoffs across all three assessment criteria
- Meaningful duration of response as of data cutoff (median times: 16.6 months with RANO-HGG, 13.8 months with RAPNO-LGG, and 14.4 months with RANO-LGG)*
- Responses were observed in patients with either BRAF fusion or BRAF V600E mutations
- Responses seen in a heavily-pretreated population where the majority (60%) of patients progressed on or after one or more prior MAPK inhibitors
- · Safety and tolerability profile indicating monotherapy tovorafenib to be generally well-tolerated
- FDA Rare Pediatric Disease Designation for pLGG, eligible for Priority Review Voucher

Next Steps: Priority review granted with PDUFA target action date of April 30, 2024





FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC Pivotal Phase 3 Trial Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Frontline pLGG

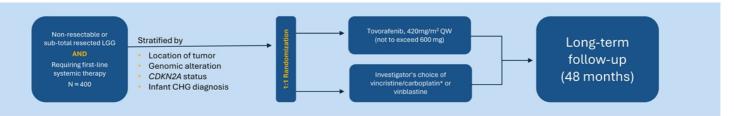


Trial Design

- Randomized, global, registrational Phase 3 trial of monotherapy tovorafenib (DAY101) vs SoC chemotherapy
- Eligibility: Patients aged 6 months to <25 years with LGG harboring a RAF alteration and requiring first-line systemic therapy
- Tovorafenib (DAY101) available as tablets and pediatric-friendly liquid suspension
- Patients who progress after stopping tovorafenib (DAY101) may be rechallenged
- Patients who progress in the SoC arm during or post-treatment may crossover to receive tovorafenib

Endpoints

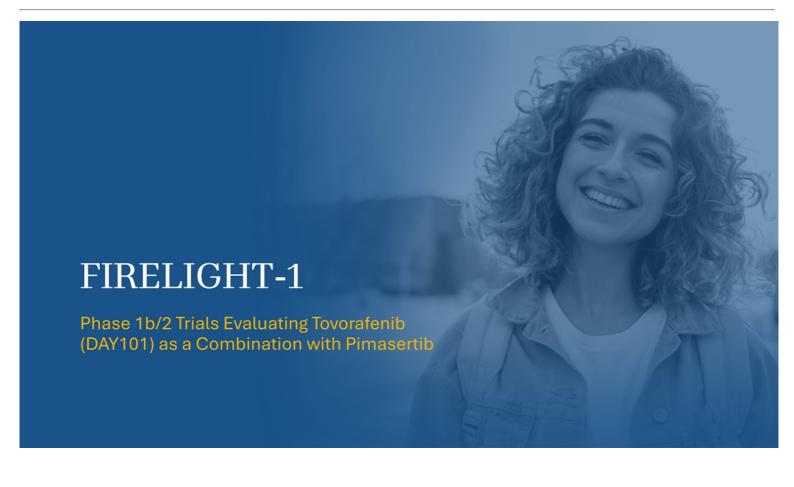
- Primary endpoint: ORR based on RANO-LGG criteria, assessed by blinded independent central review¹
 - The ORR primary analysis is expected to occur ~12 months after the last patient randomized
- Key secondary endpoints: PFS and DoR by RANO criteria, ORR by RAPNO criteria
- Other secondary endpoints: changes in neurological and visual function, safety, and tolerability
- Key exploratory objectives: QoL and health utilization measures





* COG or SIOPe-LGG regimen. Abbreviations: CHG, chiasmatic, hypothalamic gloma; DoR, duration of response; LGG, low-grade glioma; ORR, objective response rate; QoL, quality of life; QW, once weekly; So standard of care. 1 Primary endpoint of FIREFLY-2 will be ORR by RANO-LGG (2017) following full approval by FDA on March 16, 2023 of debrafenib with trametinib in pediatric patients with low-grade glioma with BRAF VEXORE mutation who require systemic therapy based on a study with the same primary endpoint.





Pimasertib: Investigational Allosteric MEK1/2 Inhibitor With Demonstrated Activity In MAPK-Driven Solid Tumors

- Pimasertib is an investigational orally-bioavailable, selective, noncompetitive MEK1/2 inhibitor in-licensed from Merck KGaA in February 2021
- Extensive non-clinical and clinical development work through Phase 2, including a solid tumor trial in Japan and combinations with other MOAs
- Main AEs typical for all in-class allosteric MEK inhibitors (GI, CPK elevation, skin rash, visual disturbances)
- Nearly three-fold higher CNS penetration than other MEKi inhibitors (trametinib or selumetinib)
- Pimasertib showed monotherapy clinical activity, including an improvement in median PFS versus dacarbazine in NRAS mutant melanoma

Combination with tovorafenib (DAY101) and other targeted therapies

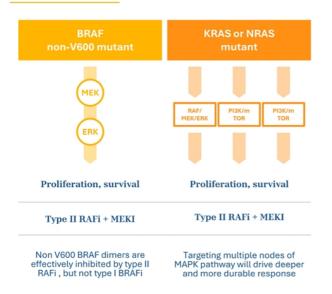
may unlock the full value of pimasertib in advanced solid tumors

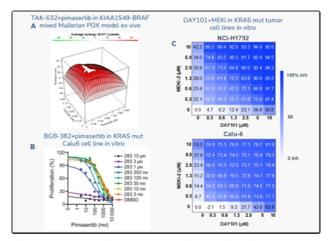






Vertical MAPK Pathway Inhibition With Tovorafenib (DAY101) And Pimasertib May Unlock Potential Synergy For Adult Solid Tumors





- A Type II RAFi + MEKi is synergistic in BRAF fusion melanoma PDX model ex vivo (internal data)
- B Sensitivity of KRAS Q61 mutant cells to pimasertib is enhanced when cells are treated with the type BRAF inhibitor BGB-283 (Yuan et al., Mol Onc 2020)
- Tovorafenib (DAY101) + MEK inhibitor is synergistic in KRAS G12C and Q61 mutant tumor cells (Venetsanakos et al., 2021 AACR poster presentation)





Tovorafenib (DAY101) / Pimasertib Combination In Solid Tumors (FIRELIGHT-1)

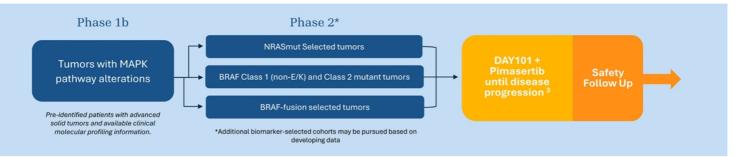


Trial Design¹

- Combination dose escalation, global phase 1b/2 trial²
- Phase 1b, BOIN (adaptive), n = 10/cohort (approximately)
- Phase 2, Simon 2-stage, n = 25/cohort (approximately)
- Eligibility: Patients aged 12 years and older, dose escalation will be performed in advanced solid tumor patients with any MAPK alteration. Expansion cohorts will focus on indications with a potential path to accelerated approval

Endpoints

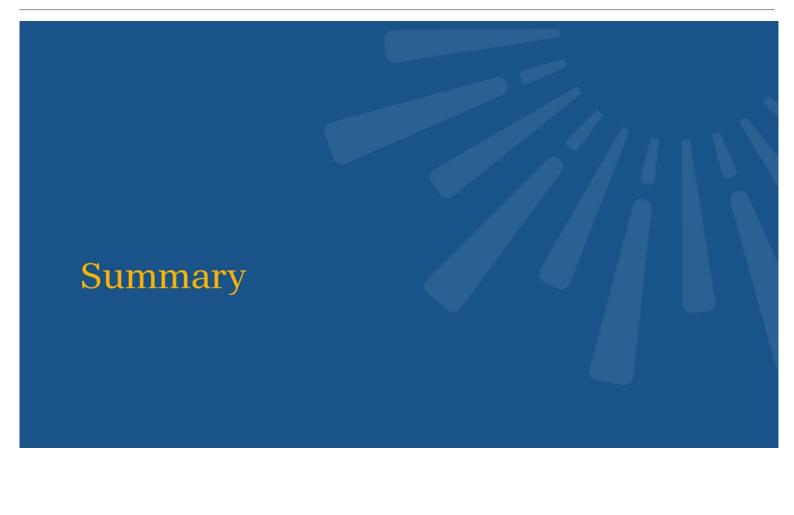
- Phase 1b: PK, PD and Safety, MTD/RP2D
- Phase 2: Efficacy (ORR, DOR)





Abbreviations: BOIN, Bayesian Optimal Interval Design; BRAF, B-Raf proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase; MAPK, mitogen-activated protein kinase; NRAS, neuroblastoma rat sarcoma viral oncogene. ¹Umbrella master study – DAY101-102 (main protocol) DAY101 and MAPK pathway aberration, Sub-study 1 monotherapy (DAY101-102a), Sub-study 2 MEK combo (DAY101-102b).²Intend to open U.S. and ex-U.S. clinical sties ³DAY101 + Pimasertib until disease progression, intolerable toxicity, withdrawal of consent, or death





Financial Summary: DAWN

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments as of September 30, 2023: \$405.5 million (no debt)

 \sim 87.0 million shares of common stock outstanding as of November 1, 2023

\$ Millions	Nine Months Ended 9/30/23	Nine Months Ended 9/30/22
R&D Expense	\$93.2	\$59.6
G&A Expense	\$53.4	\$44.6
Net Loss	\$134.4	\$102.1

Projected Cash Runway into 2026

FIREFLY-1: Pivotal Phase 2 clinical trial of tovorafenib (DAY101)

- NDA¹ in May 2023
- FDA acceptance of NDA and priority review granted in October 2023
- PDUFA target action date of April 30, 2024 (PRV eligible)
- Data published in Nature Medicine and oral presentations at SNO in November 2023

FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC: Pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial of tovorafenib (DAY101) in newly diagnosed pLGG

First patient dosed in March 2023



All financial and share information is unaudited. ¹NDA data set includes analysis of primary (ORR by RANO-HGG) and secondary (ORR by RAPNO, PFS) efficacy endpoints, safety, and exploratory analyses (including ORR by RANO-LGG). PRV, Priority Review Voucher.



2023 Key Accomplishments



FIREFLY-1: Relapsed or Progressive pLGG

- NDA initiated in May 2023
- Clinical data presented in oral presentation at ASCO in June 2023
- FDA acceptance of NDA and priority review granted in October 2023
- Data published in Nature Medicine and oral presentation at SNO in November 2023
- PDUFA target action date of April 30, 2024

FIREFLY-2: Frontline pLGG

Dosed the first patient in March 2023

Business Development

 Research collaboration and license agreement for preclinical program targeting VRK1 in August 2023

Financials

- \$405.5 million in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments as of September 30, 2023
- Cash runway into 2026



Priorities as we Expand into a Commercial-Stage Company

Launch Tovorafenib

- Secure the first FDA-approved targeted therapy for pLGG with BRAF fusions and point mutations that have relapsed or progressed
- Expand awareness amongst physicians and establish broad coverage to enable patient access
- Following approval, establish tovorafenib as the standard of care for relapsed or progressive pLGG

Advance Portfolio

- FIREFLY-2: Study tovorafenib as a frontline therapy for treatmentnaive patients with pLGG
- FIRELIGHT-1: Evaluate tovorafenib in combination with pimasertib in adolescent and adult populations
- Advance early stage VRK1 program to clinical development

Expand Pipeline

- Grow Day One into a leading, biopharmaceutical company that is the partner of choice for oncology drug development
- Explore selective partnerships as a source of capital and risk sharing
- Further invest in business development activities to expand our multiple asset portfolio for both children and adults



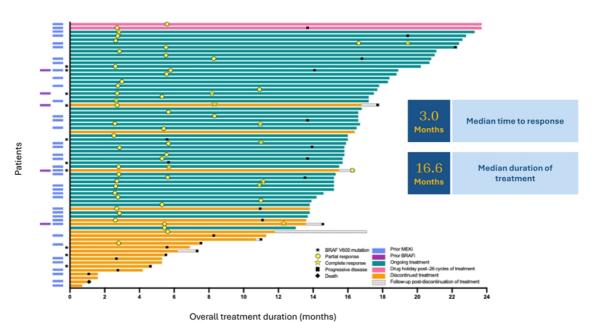






Duration Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Therapy For All Patients With RANO-HGG Evaluable Lesions



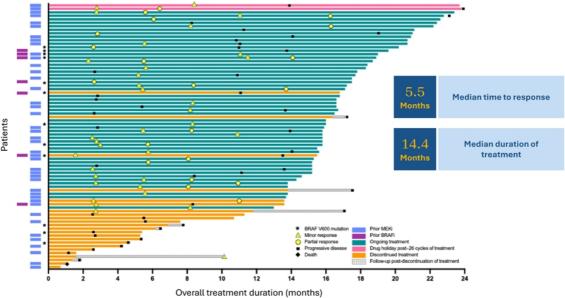






Duration Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Therapy For All Patients With RANO-LGG Evaluable Lesions



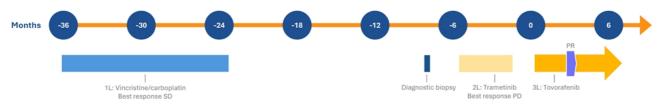






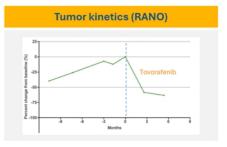
Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In KIAA1549-BRAF Fusion Optic Pathway Glioma

A 7-years-old female child with an optic pathway glioma, with very poor vision, entropion, folliculitis, eczema, mouth ulceration and xerosis



- PR (-58%) and improvement in vision reported at cycle 3
- AEs included grade 3
 erythematous rash requiring
 dose interruption and dose
 reduction (400 mg QW to 300 mg
 QW in cycle 1), and grade 2
 eczema and maculopapular rash
- Patient continues to receive weekly tovorafenib





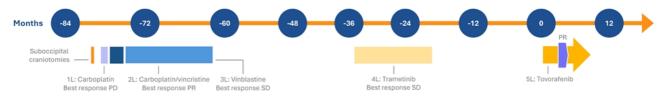


35 🌓 Apr 14, 2022 data cutoff. Tovorafenib is an investigational agent. Safety and efficacy have not been established by any health authority.

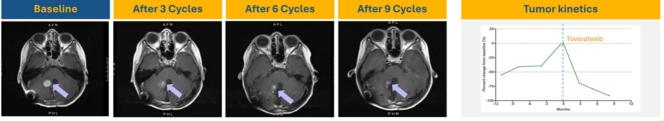


Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In KIAA1549-BRAF Fusion Posterior Fossa Pilocytic Astrocytoma

An 8-years-old female child with a posterior fossa pilocytic astrocytoma, eczema, nausea and constipation



- PR (-69%) at cycle 3 with 500 mg QW tovorafenib, with a deepening of response (80% and 91% in cycles 6 and 9, respectively) over time
- AEs included grade 2 decrease in neutrophil count, pustular rash, and upper respiratory infection
- Patient continues to receive weekly tovorafenib







Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In BRAF V600E **Mutation Deep Midline Astrocytoma**

A 9-year-old female child with deep midline BRAF V600E-mutant astrocytoma with precocious puberty



- PR (-74%) at cycle 3, with a deepening of response (-94%) at cycle 6
- AEs included grade 3 maculopapular rash and increased CPK, requiring drug interruption and dose reduction (500 mg QW to 400 mg QW in cycle 1)
- Tovorafenib dose was re-escalated back to 500 mg QW in cycle 4; patient continues on treatment





37 🕂 Apr 14, 2022 data cutoff. Tovorafenib is an investigational agent. Safety and efficacy have not been established by any health authority.

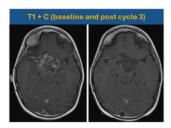


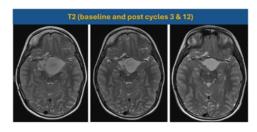
Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In KIAA1549-BRAF Fusion Posterior Fossa Pilocytic Astrocytoma

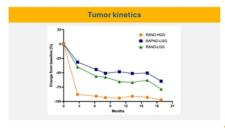
8-year-old boy with relapsed pilomyxoid astrocytoma of the optic pathway, with visual loss in right eye, visual field loss in left eye, fatigue, intermittent nausea/vomiting, intermittent headaches, anorexia, and temperature regulation disorder



- Initiated treatment with tovorafenib 400 mg/QW following 3 prior therapies, including binimetinib and trametinib, which were discontinued due to PD
 - At cycle 3, PR (-88%) per RANO-HGG, and MR (-32% and -40%) per RAPNO-LGG and RANO-LGG, respectively
 - Sustained improvements in visual acuity reported; logMAR change 0.2 → 0
 - PD criteria met (-94% to -91%) with RANO-HGG at cycle 15; continued treatment as investigator deemed no radiographic progression with subsequent reduction in target lesion (-97%)
- AEs were G2 (drug eruption, elevated CPK) and G1 (hair color change, paronychia, growth retardation)









Dec 22, 2022, data cut-off. AEs, adverse events; C, contrast; CPK, creatine phosphokinase; G, grade; HGG, high-grade glioma; LGG, low-grade glioma; logMAR, Logarithm of the Minimum Angle of Resolution; MR, minc response; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; QW, once weekly; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; RAPNO, Response Assessment in Pediatric Neuro-Oncology; VC, vincristine-carboplatin.



FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC: Pivotal Phase 3 Study Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Newly Diagnosed pLGG

- Collaboration between Day One and the LOGGIC consortium, internationally recognized experts in pLGG research
 - Coupled with the LOGGIC-CORE molecular diagnostic program
 - Worked jointly on the study design and discussions with the U.S. and EU regulatory authorities



Approximately 100 potential sites (~65 from the LOGGIC consortium)

